

To be smart or not to

be?
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Polaris R&D Lab, RTP

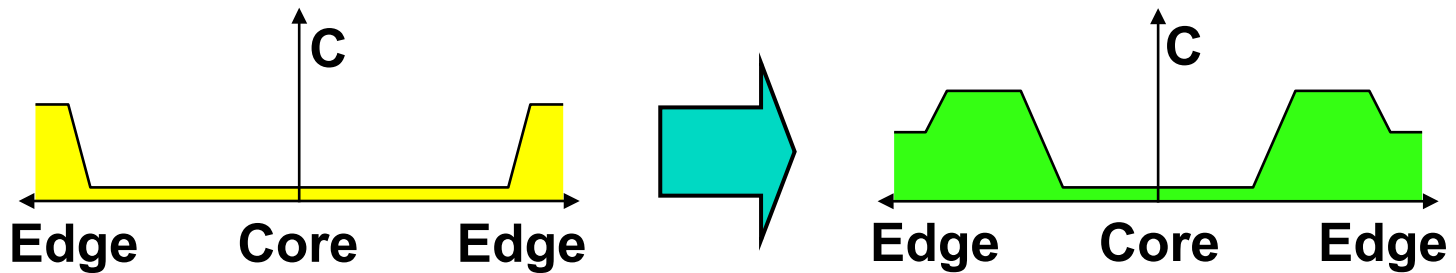
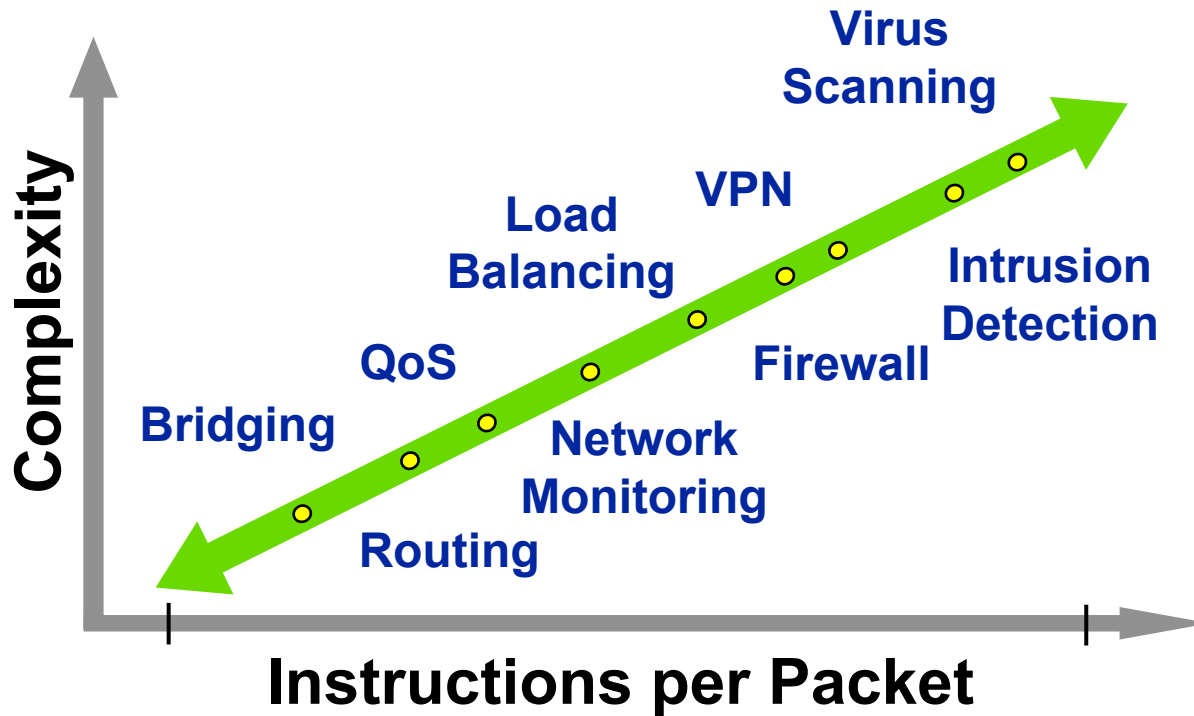
Tal Lavian

OPENET Lab, Santa Clara

State of the network

- **Plenty of bandwidth**
 - Optical core
- **Increasing demand for services**
 - Gateways
 - Network Service nodes
 - Content Switches
 - Network Caches
- **Evolving network**

Evolution of the network

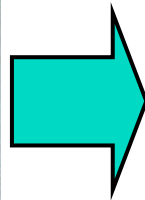


Current Mode of Operation

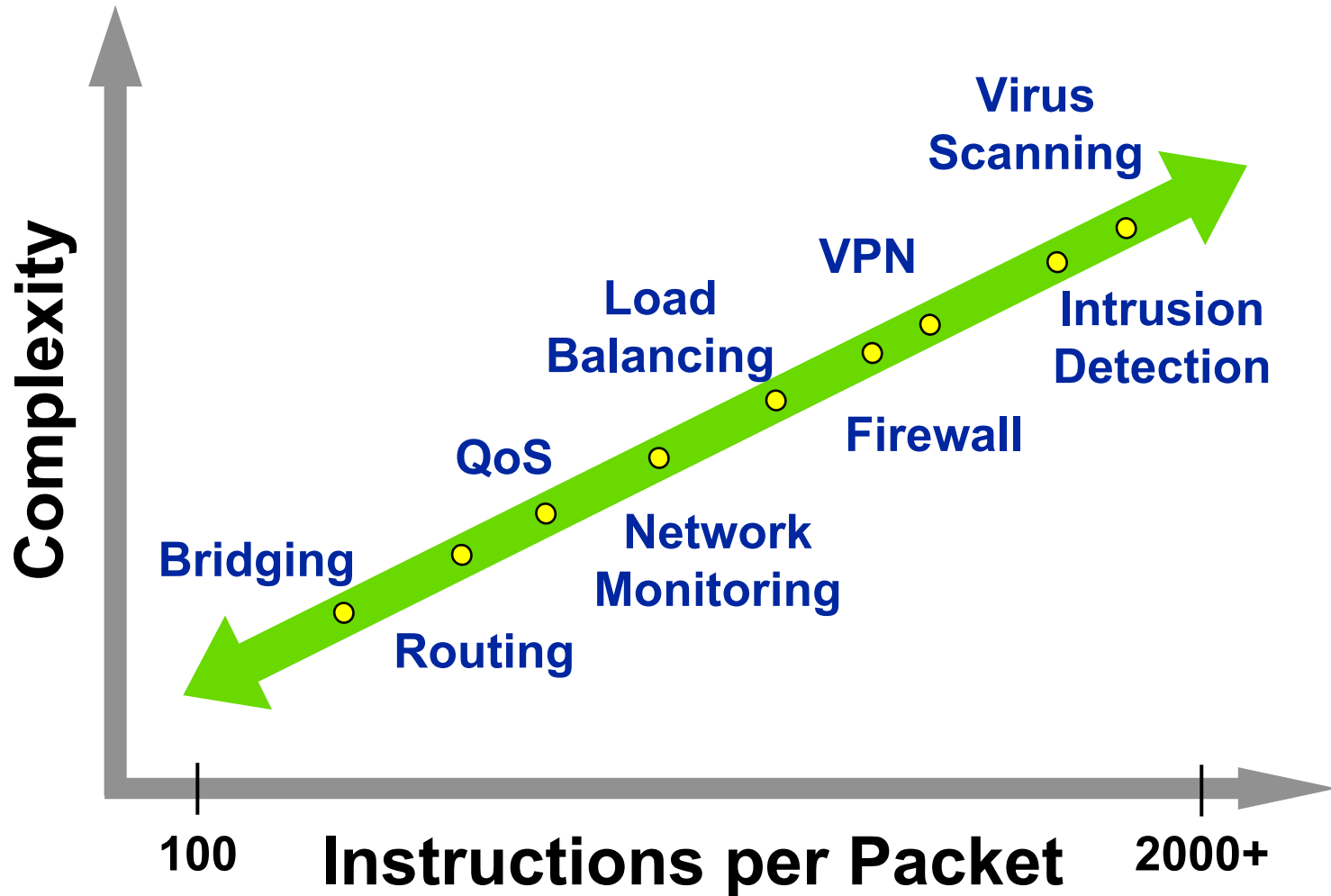
- **Application specific solutions**
- **Hardware/Software design and deployment cycles takes years**
- **Ad-hoc solutions create complex networks**
- **Multiple network management solutions**

Answer – Part I

- **Flexibility**
- **Programmability (open interfaces)**



Processing Requirements



Need for Power

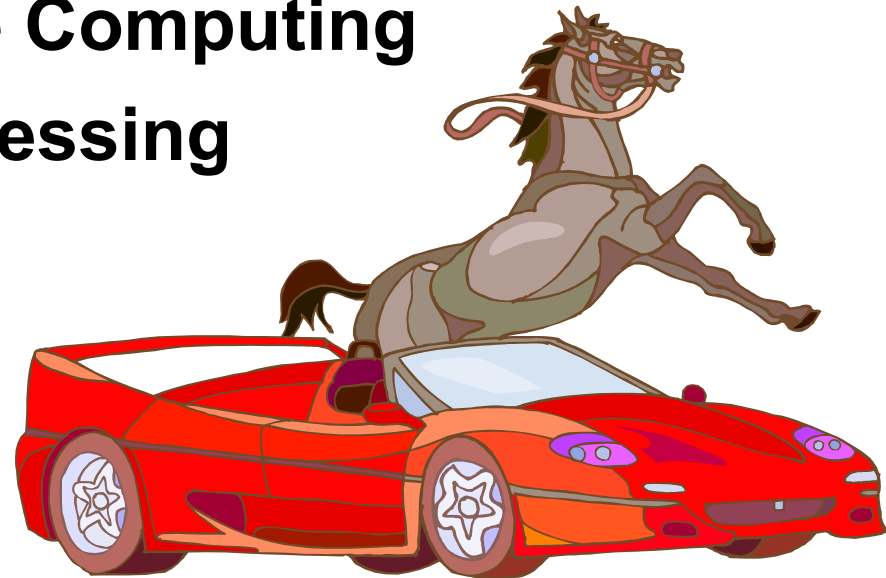
- **Computational Complexity**
- **32-bit Processor @ 500 MIPS**
- **How much can you do with it?**

	Time/Word	# Insts
100BaseT	320ns	160
OC48	13ns	7

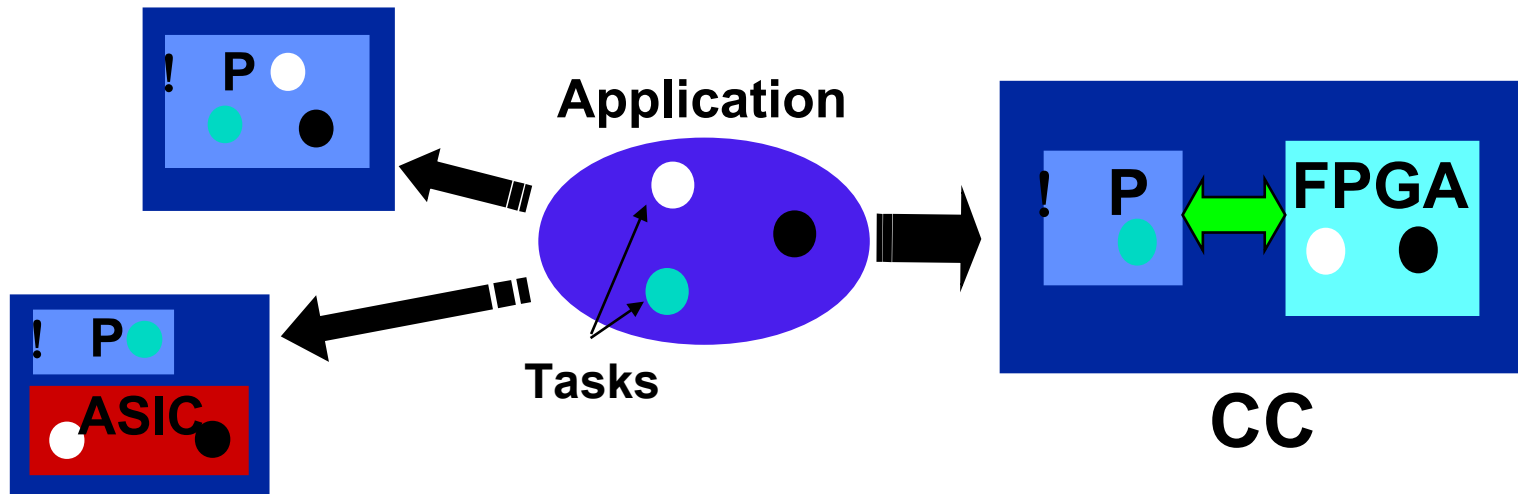
- **Need for high performance computing technology deeper in the network**

Answer – Part II

- **High Performance Computing Technologies**
 - **Configurable Computing**
 - **Parallel Processing**



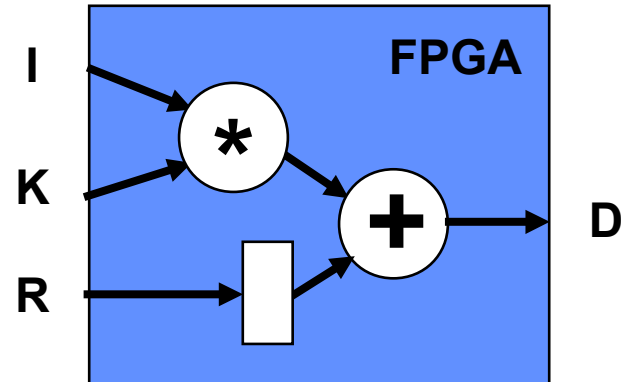
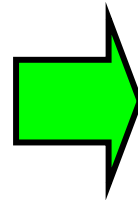
Configurable Computing



- **Configurable Computing:**
Programmable logic (FPGA)
coupled to Processor (! P)
- **Customized for each application**

How does CC work?

```
float D, I, K, R;  
int A = 100;  
...  
while ( A != 0 ) {  
    temp = I * K;  
    D = R + temp;  
    A --;  
}
```



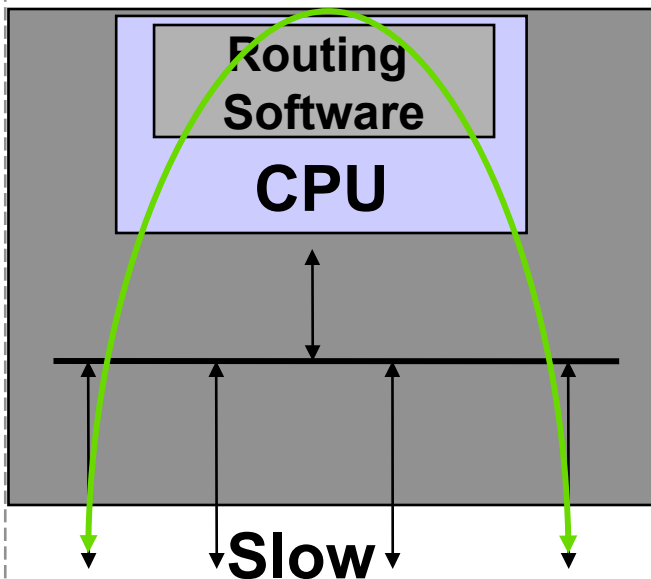
- Customised hardware operations
- Concurrent operations

The power of CC

- **DCT implementation**
 - **Xilinx FPGA 180 times faster than 32-bit processor @ 266MHz**
- **Vector computations**
 - **50MHz FPGA roughly 10 times faster than 300MHz Pentium CPU**

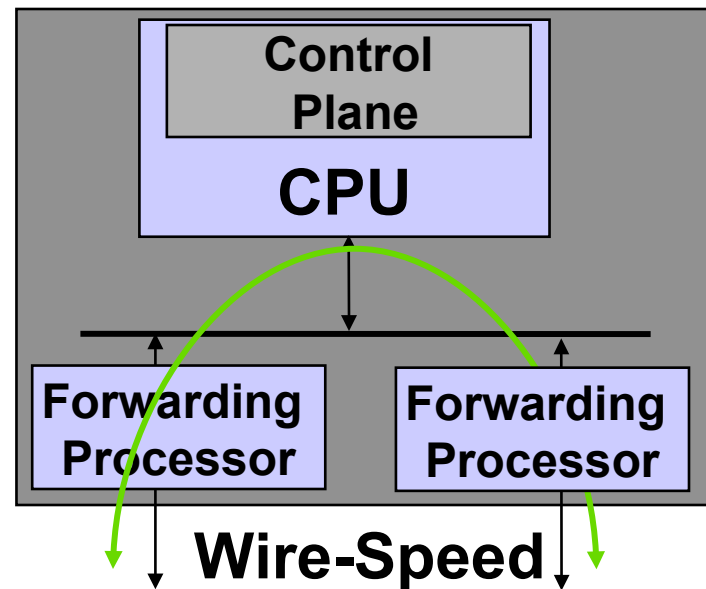
Evolution of routers – Phase I

Centralized CPU-based Router



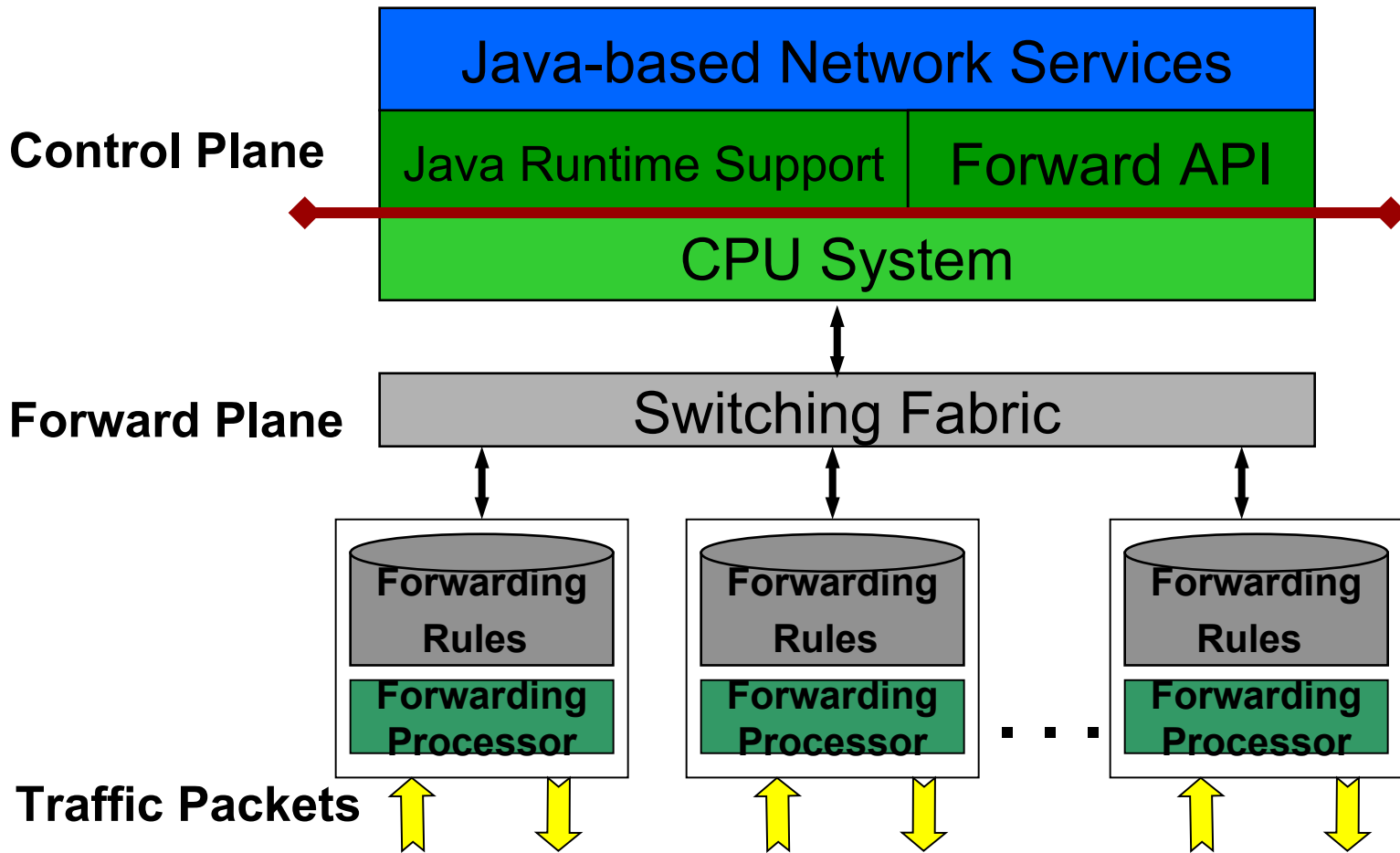
Control + Forwarding functions combined

Forwarding Processor based Router

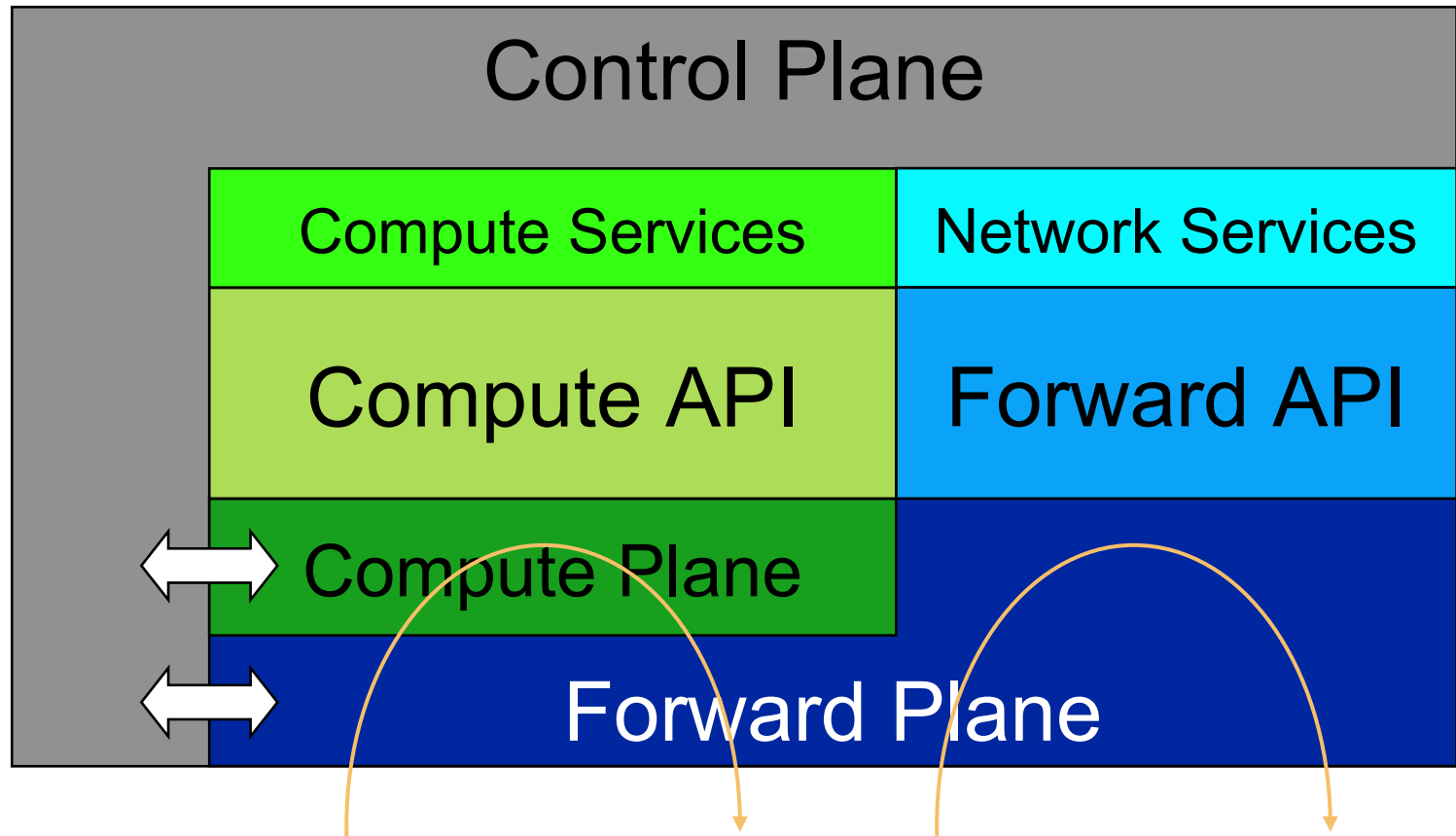


Control separated from Forwarding

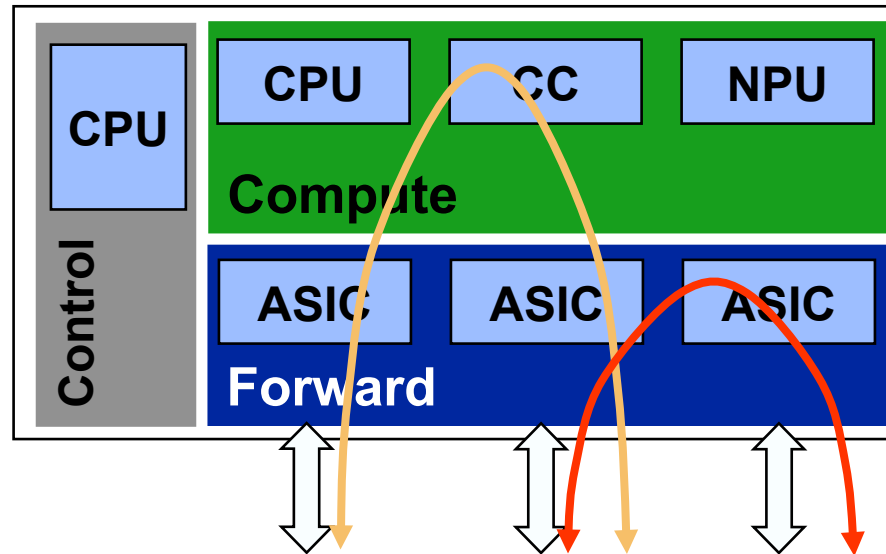
Towards Open Networking



Node Architecture

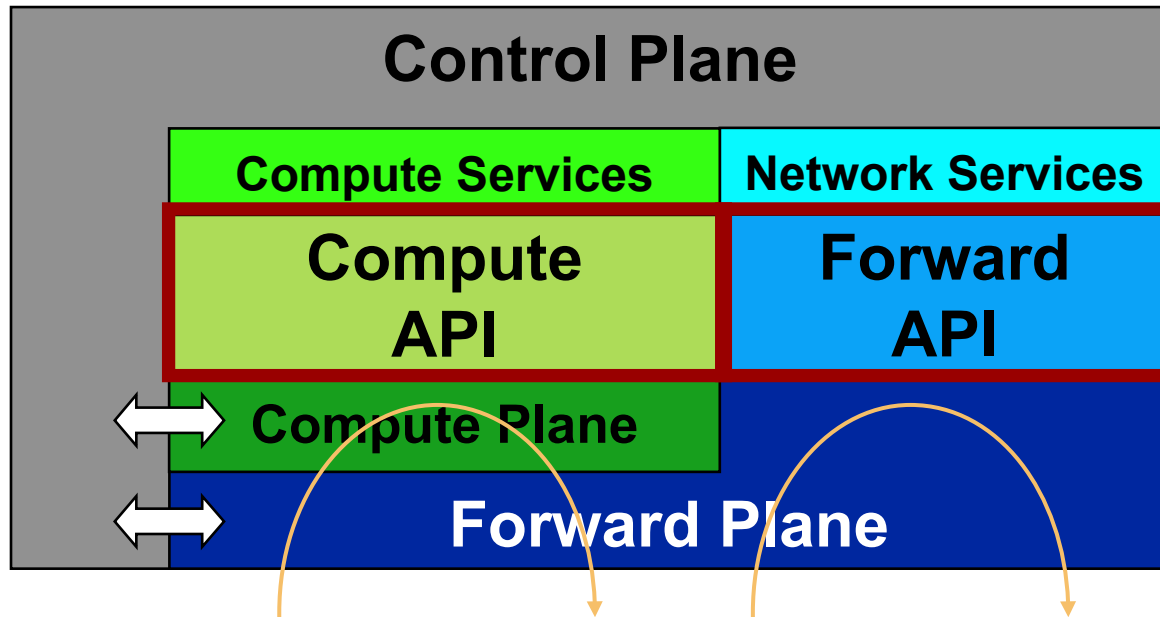


Evolution of Routers – Phase II



- **Control, Compute and Forward planes**
- **Forward-only flows are not seen by Compute plane**
- **Control plane can modify behavior of Compute and Forward planes**

Open Networking



- **Abstract Compute & Forward Plane interfaces**
- **Technology reuse over a range of NORTEL platforms**

Work in progress...

- **NORTEL R&D activities**
 - **POLARIS lab**
 - **OPENET lab**
- **Research Target**
 - **“Smart” node architectures**
 - **Open architectures**
 - **High Performance Computing technologies**

Summary

- **Future network node architecture**
 - Open networking
 - Programmable networking
 - High performance computing
- **Benefits to NORTEL**
 - Rapid service deployment
 - Third-party value-added services
 - Increased market penetration

To learn more ...

- <http://www.openetlab.org/>
- <http://www.ieee-pin.org/>
- <http://comet.columbia.edu/openarch>
- <http://comet.columbia.edu/opensig>
- <http://www.cpixforum.org/>