

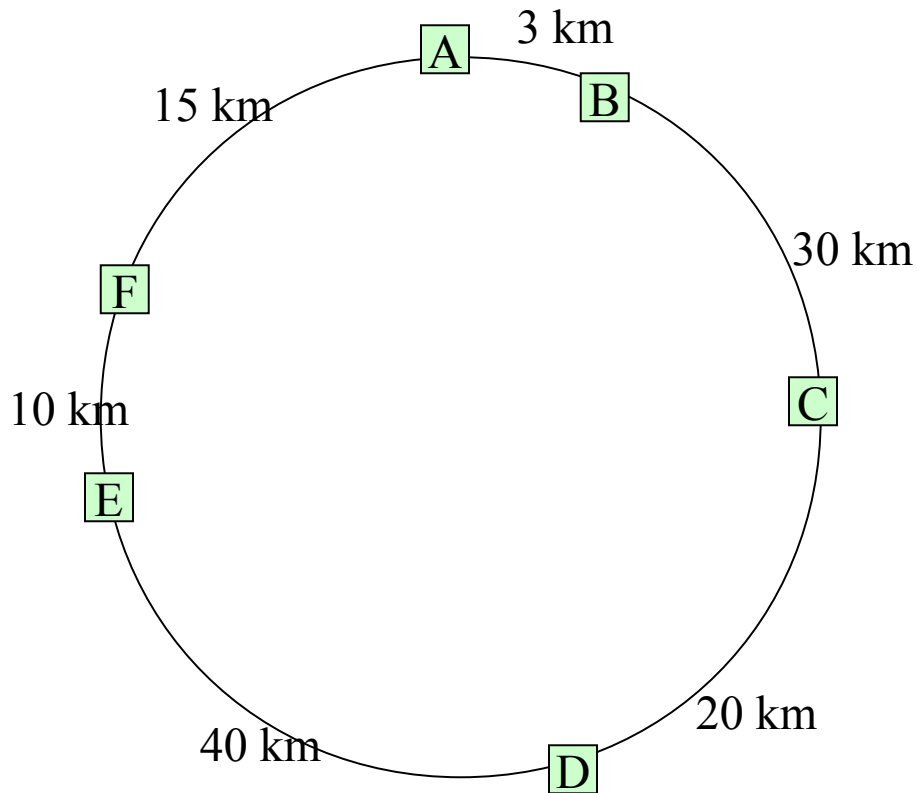


A Combined Effort of OptiCal & LUMOS NETWORKS

EE 290Q

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Metro Ring



Demand Set in OC48:

	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	x	8	25	0	0	0
B	x	x	5	15	1	1
C	x	x	x	5	10	10
D	x	x	x	x	5	5
E	x	x	x	x	x	15

- Fiber is standard Corning SMF-28 fiber (dispersion and loss info given in class and HW before)
- Total length = 118km
- Longest link = 115km
- Amplifier can be for 4 or limited number of channels at lower price (use linear scale)
- Free to use LumiPhase price list or ask for more



Advantage of STS-48

- Group velocity dispersion can be ignored:
 - Maximum eye closure =
 $0.09 * 238 * 115 * 0.02 * 2.5 * 0.01 = 0.123$
(for longest link of 115km)
- Increased minimum sensitivity of receiver made EDFA unnecessary.



General Design Rule

- BLSR/4 is deployed.
- Traffic is routed on the shortest path between two nodes in the ring.
- Wavelength assignment is done according to maximum load principle.
- Power budget is carefully managed in order to maintain the SNR at the receiver.
- Span failure protection is realized by 1:1 line protection.

Wavelength Assignment for Service Fibers

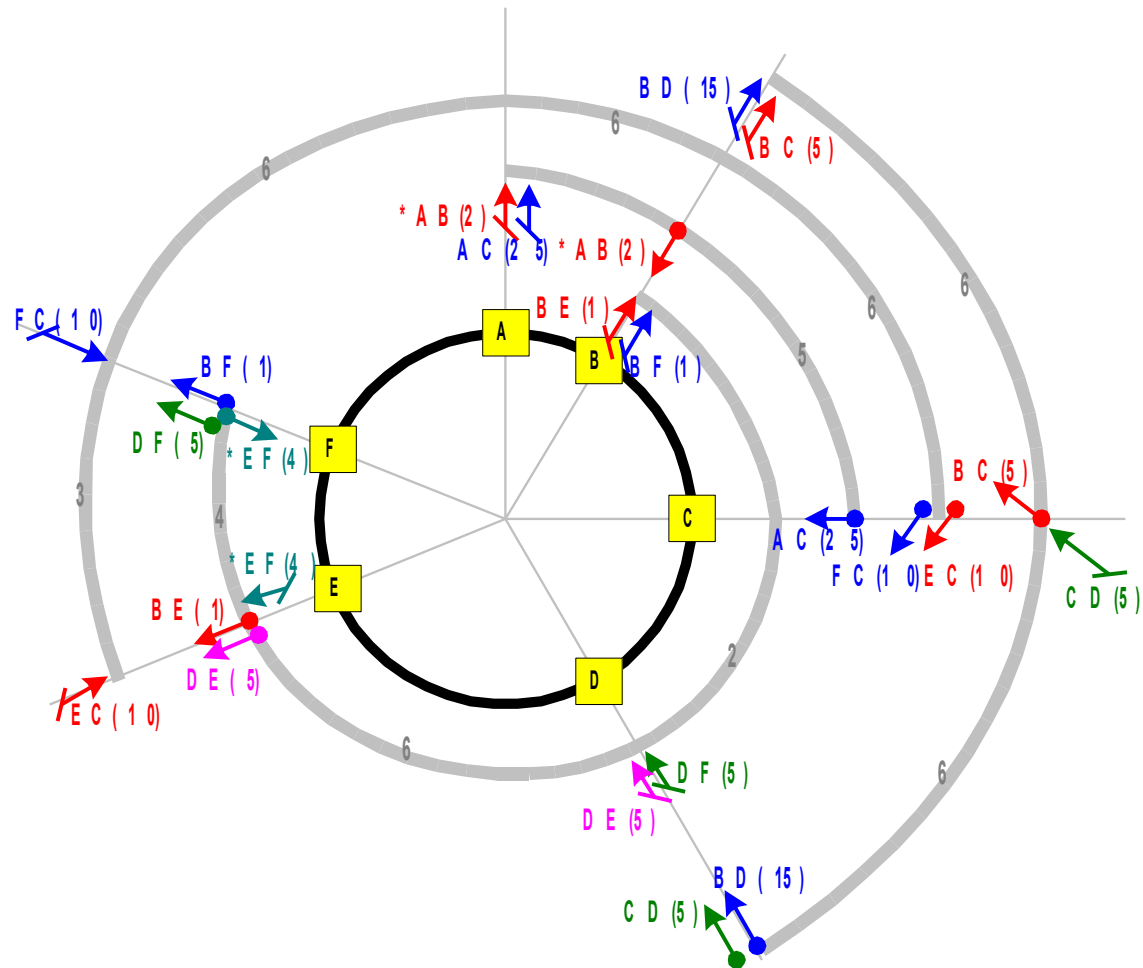
	A	B	C
CH0	AB		
CH1	AB		
CH2			
CH3			
CH4			
CH5	AC	AC	
CH6	AC	AC	
CH7	AC	AC	
CH8	AC	AC	
CH9	AC	AC	
CH10	AC	AC	
CH11	AC	AC	
CH12	AC	AC	
CH13	AC	AC	
CH14	AC	AC	
CH15	AC	AC	
CH16	AC	AC	
CH17	AC	AC	
CH18	AC	AC	
CH19	AC	AC	
CH20	AC	AC	
CH21	AC	AC	
CH22	AC	AC	
CH23	AC	AC	
CH24	AC	AC	
CH25	AC	AC	
CH26	AC	AC	
CH27	AC	AC	
CH28			
CH29			
CH30			
CH31			

	B	C	D	E	F
CH0	BE	BE	BE		
CH1					
CH2					
CH3					
CH4					
CH5	BF	BF	BF	BF	
CH6					
CH7					
CH8					
CH9					
CH10			DE	*EF	
CH11			DE	*EF	
CH12			DE	*EF	
CH13			DE	*EF	
CH14					
CH15			DE		
CH16					
CH17					
CH18					
CH19					
CH20			DF	DF	
CH21			DF	DF	
CH22			DF	DF	
CH23			DF	DF	
CH24					
CH25			DF	DF	
CH26					
CH27					
CH28					
CH29					
CH30					
CH31					

	B	C	D
CH0	BC	CD	
CH1	BC	CD	
CH2	BC	CD	
CH3	BC	CD	
CH4			
CH5	BC	CD	
CH6			
CH7			
CH8			
CH9			
CH10	BD	BD	
CH11	BD	BD	
CH12	BD	BD	
CH13	BD	BD	
CH14			
CH15	BD	BD	
CH16	BD	BD	
CH17	BD	BD	
CH18	BD	BD	
CH19			
CH20	BD	BD	
CH21	BD	BD	
CH22	BD	BD	
CH23	BD	BD	
CH24			
CH25	BD	BD	
CH26	BD	BD	
CH27	BD	BD	
CH28			
CH29			
CH30			
CH31			

	E	F	A	B	C
CH0	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH1	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH2	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH3	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH4					
CH5	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH6	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH7	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH8	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH9					
CH10	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH11	EC	EC	EC	EC	EC
CH12					
CH13					
CH14					
CH15		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH16		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH17		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH18		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH19					
CH20		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH21		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH22		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH23		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH24					
CH25		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH26		FC	FC	FC	FC
CH27					
CH28					
CH29					
CH30					
CH31					

Graphic Illustration



Power Budget for Service Fibers

Fiber1		A	A-B	B	B-C	C				
Band1	AB	-4	-4.6	-5.6						
Left Bands	AC(25)	-4	-4.6	-5.6	-11.6	-18.6				
Fiber2		B	B-C	C	C-D	D	D-E	E	E-F	F
Band1	BE, EF	2	-4	-6	-10	-14	-22	-23	0	-1
Band2	BF	2	-4	-6	-10	-14	-22	-26	-28	-29
Band3	DE1					-1	-9	-11		
Band4	DE2					0	-8	-11		
Band5	DF1					1	-7	-11	-13	-14
Band6	DF2					2	-6	-10	-12	-13
Fiber3		E	E-F	F	F-A	A	A-B	B	B-C	C
Band1	EC1	2	0	-3	-6	-6	-6.6	-6.6	-12.6	-19.6
Band2	EC2	2	0	-3	-6	-6	-6.6	-6.6	-12.6	-19.6
Band3	EC3	2	0	-3	-6	-6	-6.6	-6.6	-12.6	-19.6
Band4	FC1			0	-3	-3	-3.6	-3.6	-9.6	-16.6
Band5	FC2			1	-2	-2	-2.6	-2.6	-8.6	-15.6
Band6	FC3			2	-1	-1	-1.6	-1.6	-7.6	-14.6
Fiber4		B	B-C	C	C-D	D				
Band1	BC1,CD1	2	-4	-5	-3	-10				
Band2	BC2,CD2	2	-4	-6	-2	-9				
Band3	BD1	2	-4	-8	-12	-19				
Band4	BD2	2	-4	-8	-12	-19				
Band5	BD3	2	-4	-8	-12	-19				
Band6	BD4	2	-4	-8	-12	-19				

Wavelength Assignment of the Protection (I)

	A	F	E	D	C	B	A	F
CH0	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH1	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH2	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH3	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH4								
CH5	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH6	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH7	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH8	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB	AB		
CH9								
CH10			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH11			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH12			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH13			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH14								
CH15			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH16			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH17			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH18			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH19								
CH20			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH21			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH22			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH23			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH24								
CH25			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH26			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH27			EF	EF	EF	EF	EF	
CH28								
CH29								
CH30								
CH31								

	A	F	E	D	C
CH0	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH1	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH2	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH3	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH4	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH5	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH6	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH7	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH8	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH9	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH10	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH11	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH12	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH13	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH14	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH15	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH16	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH17	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH18	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH19	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH20	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH21	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH22	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH23	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH24	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
CH25					
CH26					
CH27					
CH28					
CH29					
CH30					
CH31					

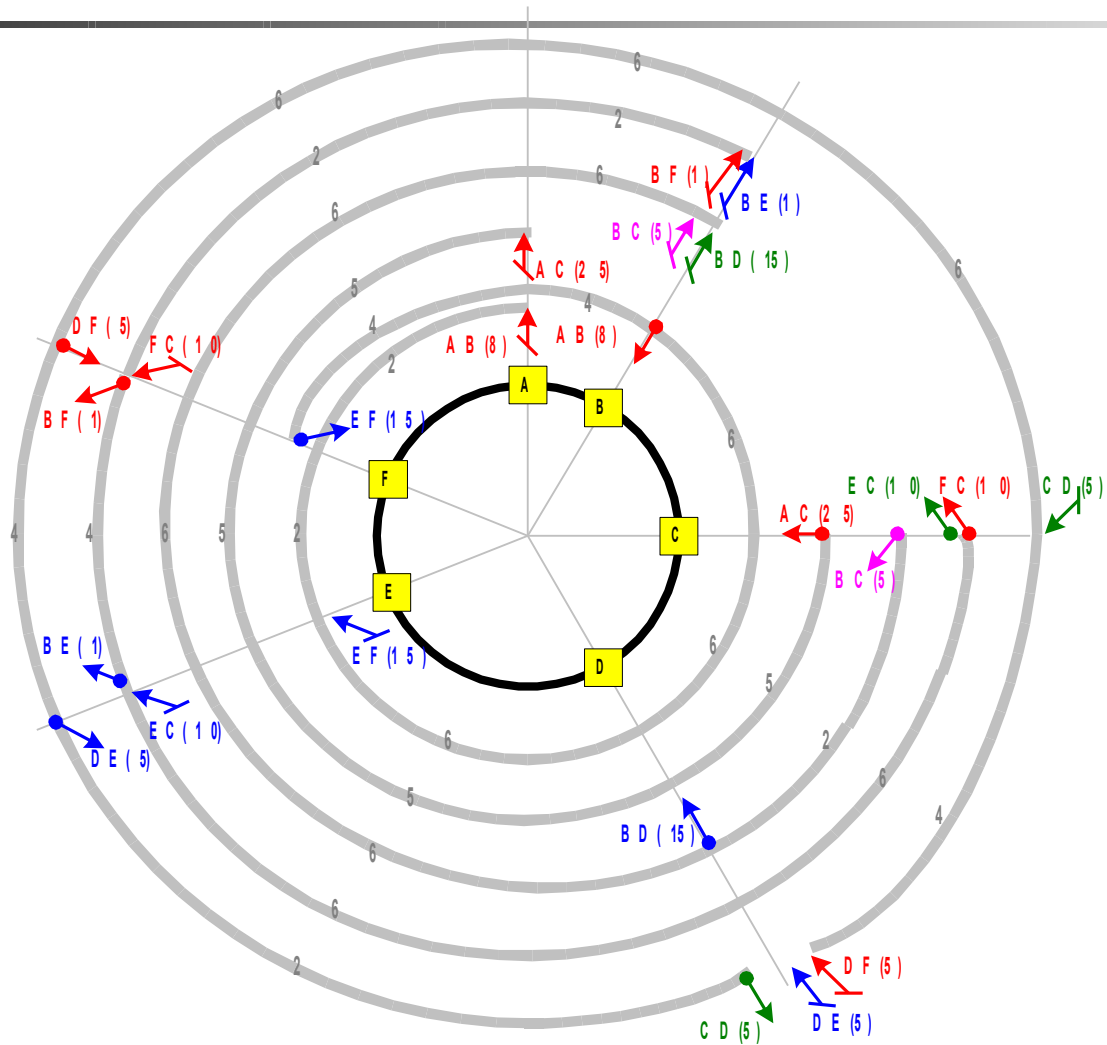
	B	A	F	E	D	C
CH0	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC
CH1	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC
CH2	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC
CH3	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC
CH4						
CH5	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC	BC
CH6						
CH7						
CH8						
CH9						
CH10	BD	BD				
CH11	BD	BD				
CH12	BD	BD				
CH13	BD	BD				
CH14						
CH15	BD	BD				
CH16	BD	BD				
CH17	BD	BD				
CH18	BD	BD				
CH19						
CH20	BD	BD				
CH21	BD	BD				
CH22	BD	BD				
CH23	BD	BD				
CH24						
CH25	BD	BD				
CH26	BD	BD				
CH27	BD	BD				
CH28						
CH29						
CH30						
CH31						

Wavelength Assignment of the Protection (II)

	B	A	F	E	D	C
CH0	BE	BE	BE	EC	EC	
CH1				EC	EC	
CH2						
CH3						
CH4						
CH5	BF	BF		EC	EC	
CH6				EC	EC	
CH7				EC	EC	
CH8				EC	EC	
CH9						
CH10				EC	EC	
CH11				EC	EC	
CH12				EC	EC	
CH13				EC	EC	
CH14						
CH15			FC	FC	FC	
CH16			FC	FC	FC	
CH17			FC	FC	FC	
CH18			FC	FC	FC	
CH19						
CH20			FC	FC	FC	
CH21			FC	FC	FC	
CH22			FC	FC	FC	
CH23			FC	FC	FC	
CH24						
CH25			FC	FC	FC	
CH26			FC	FC	FC	
CH27						
CH28						
CH29						
CH30						
CH31						

	D	C	B	A	F	E	D
CH0	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE		
CH1	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE		
CH2	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE		
CH3	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE		
CH4							
CH5	DE	DE	DE	DE	DE		
CH6							
CH7							
CH8							
CH9							
CH10	DF	DF	DF	DF			
CH11	DF	DF	DF	DF			
CH12	DF	DF	DF	DF			
CH13	DF	DF	DF	DF			
CH14							
CH15	DF	DF	DF	DF			
CH16							
CH17							
CH18							
CH19							
CH20		CD	CD	CD	CD	CD	
CH21		CD	CD	CD	CD	CD	
CH22		CD	CD	CD	CD	CD	
CH23		CD	CD	CD	CD	CD	
CH24							
CH25		CD	CD	CD	CD	CD	
CH26							
CH27							
CH28							
CH29							
CH30							
CH31							

Protection Mechanism



Fiber1		A	A-F	F	F-E	E	E-B	B	B-A	A	A-F	F
Band1	AB1	2	-1	-1	-3	-7	-25	-26				
Band2	AB2	2	-1	-1	-3	-7	-25	-27				
Band3	EF1					-1	-19	-21	-21.6	-21.6	-24.6	-25.6
Band4	EF2					0	-18	-20	-20.6	-20.6	-23.6	-24.6
Band5	EF3					1	-17	-19	-19.6	-19.6	-22.6	-23.6
Band6	EF4					2	-16	-18	-18.6	-18.6	-21.6	-22.6
Fiber2		A	A-F	F	F-E	E	E-D	D	D-C	C		
All Bands	AC(25)	2	-1	-1	-3	-7	-15	-15	-19	-26		
Fiber3		B	B-A	A	A-F	F	F-E	E	E-D	D	D-C	C
Band1	BC1	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-3.6	-7.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-26.6
Band2	BC2	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-3.6	-7.6	-15.6	-15.6	-19.6	-26.6
Band3	BD1	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-3.6	-7.6	-15.6	-16.6		
Band4	BD2	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-3.6	-7.6	-15.6	-17.6		
Band5	BD3	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-3.6	-7.6	-15.6	-18.6		
Band6	BD4	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-3.6	-7.6	-15.6	-19.6		
Fiber4		B	B-A	A	A-F	F	F-E	E	E-D	D	D-C	C
Band1	BE, EC1	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-5.6	-7.6	-8.6	-8	-8	-12	-19
Band2	BF, EC2	2	1.4	1.4	-1.6	-2.6			-7	-7	-11	-18
Band3	EC3								-6	-6	-10	-17
Band4	FC1					0	-2	-6	-14	-14	-18	-25
Band5	FC2					1	-1	-5	-13	-13	-17	-24
Band6	FC3					2	0	-4	-12	-12	-16	-23
Fiber5		D	D-C	C	C-B	B	B-F	F	F-E	E	E-D	D
Band1	DE1	2	-2	-4	-10	-10	-13.6	-15.6	-17.6	-18.6		
Band2	DE2	2	-2	-4	-10	-10	-13.6	-15.6	-17.6	-19.6		
Band3	DF1	2	-2	-4	-10	-10	-13.6	-14.6				
Band4	DF2	2	-2	-4	-10	-10	-13.6	-15.6				
Band5	CD1			1	-5	-5	-8.6	-12.6	-14.6	-16.6	-24.6	-25.6
Band6	CD2			2	-4	-4	-7.6	-11.6	-13.6	-15.6	-23.6	-24.6



Cost Estimation for Service

<i>Service</i>	<i>*2</i>			
	Description	Unit Cost (Thousand \$)	Quality	Cost (Thousand \$)
OC48to192	Electronic Mux	30	8	240
Mux/Demux	filter, awg	48	4	192
Linecard (192)	w/ transponder	75	8	600
Linecard (048)	w/ transponder	30	77	2310
C band Add-Drop		1	11	11
C band MUX		4	11	44
Laser (192)	CW10 + EXM01-192	3.6	8	28.8
Receiver (192)	APD-192	2.5	8	20
Laser (48)	CW10 + EXM01-048	1.8	77	138.6
Receiver (48)	APD-048	1	77	77
Fiber	proportional to length	0.3	241	72.3
Provisioning	4 fibers total	2	85	190
TOTAL (Eq)				3923.7

8.0 Million\$



Cost Estimation for Protection

<i>Protection</i>	<i>*2</i>			
	Description	Unit Cost (Thousand \$)	Quality	Cost (Thousand \$)
OC48to192	Electronic Mux	30	0	0
Mux/Demux	filter, filter	64	5	320
Linecard (192)	w/ transponder	75	0	0
Linecard (048)	w/ transponder	30	105	3150
C band Add-Drop		1	17	17
C band MUX		4	17	68
Laser (192)	CW10 + EXM01-192	3.6	0	0
Receiver (192)	APD-192	2.5	0	0
Laser (48)	CW10 + EXM01-048	1.8	105	189
Receiver (48)	APD-048	1	105	105
Fiber	proportional to length	0.3	472	141.6
Provisioning	5 fibers total	2	100	225
TOTAL (Eq)				4215.6

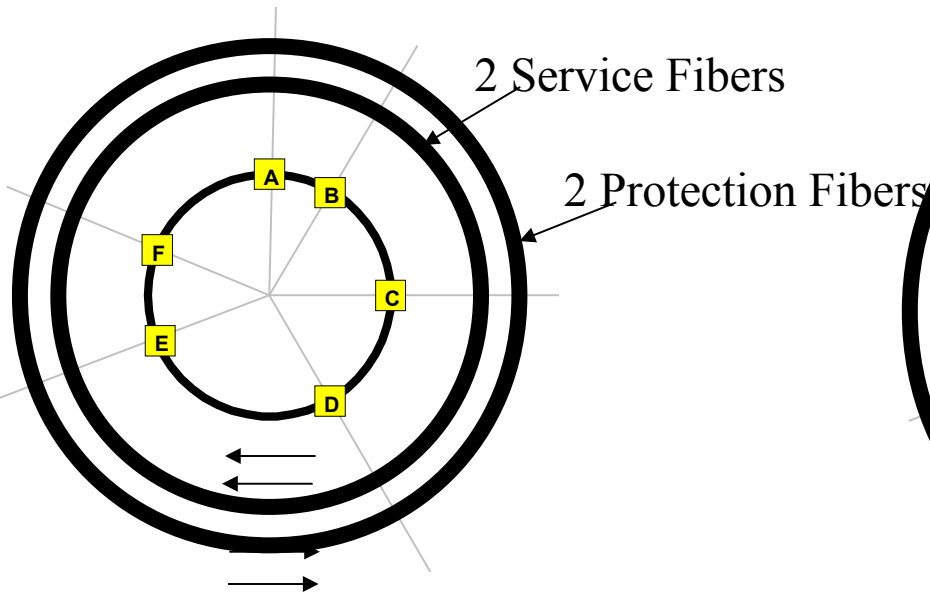
8.4 Million\$



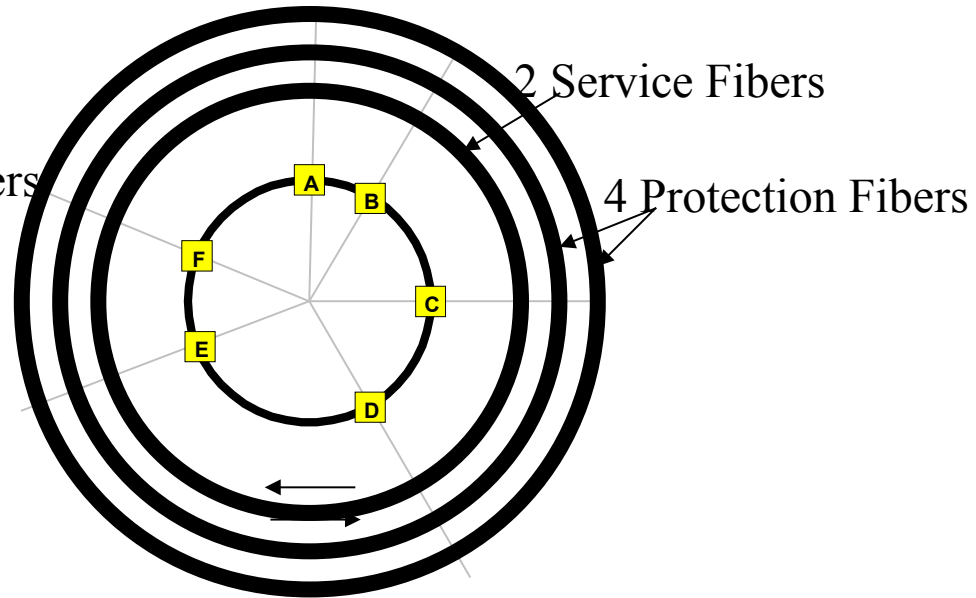
Total Cost

- Fiber baseline installation fee:
 - $\$20 \text{ k/km} * 118 \text{ km} = \2.36 Millions
- Service Cost:
 - $\$8.0 \text{ Millions}$
- Protection Cost:
 - $\$8.4 \text{ Millions}$
- Total Cost:
 - $\$2.36 + \$8.0 + \$8.4 = \mathbf{\$18.8 \text{ Millions}}$

OC-192



2 Fiber Unidirectional
Path Switched Ring



4 Fiber Unidirectional
Path Switched Ring (6 physical)



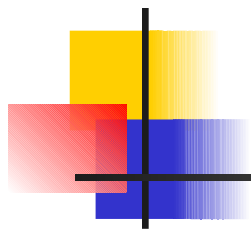
Pros and Cons

■ UPSR

- 4 fibers
- More fiber bandwidth efficient
- Slightly cheaper (less components)
- Typical for low speed networks (150Mb/s)

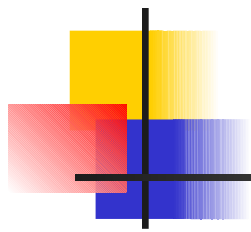
■ BPSR

- 6 fibers
- Reciprocal paths (same delay)
- Less components for service (more reliable)
- Easier network management
- Typical for high speed networks



Channel and Fiber Allocation for Service

nm	Service Fiber					
	AB	BC	CD	DE	EF	FA
1554.94	AB (4)	BC (4)	CD (4)	DE (4)	EF (4)	
1554.13	AB (4)	BC (1)	CD (1)	DE (1)	EF (4)	
1553.32					EF (4)	
1552.52					EF (3)	
1551.72						
1550.91	AC (4)	AC (4)	CE (4)	CE (4)		
1550.11	AC (4)	AC (4)	CE (4)	CE (4)		
1549.31	AC (4)	AC (4)	CE (1)	CE (1)		
1548.51	AC (4)	AC (4)	CE (1)	CE (1)		
1547.71						
1546.91	AC (4)	AC (4)		DF (4)	DF (4)	
1546.12	AC (4)	AC (4)		DF (1)	DF (1)	
1545.32	AC (1)	AC (1)				
1544.52						
1543.73						
1542.93		BD (4)	BD (4)			
1542.14		BD (4)	BD (4)			
1541.35		BD (4)	BD (4)			
1540.55	EB(1)	BD (3)	BD (3)		EB(1)	EB(1)
1539.76						
1538.97	FB (1)		CF (4)	CF (4)	CF (4)	FB (1)
1538.18			CF (4)	CF (4)	CF (4)	
1537.39			CF (1)	CF (1)	CF (1)	
1536.61			CF (1)	CF (1)	CF (1)	
1535.82						
1535.03						
1534.25						
1533.46						
1532.68						
1531.89						
1531.11						
1530.33						



Channel and Fiber Allocation for Protection: AB cut

ITU THz	nm	Protection Fiber 1			CUT AB		
		AB	BC	CD	DE	EF	FA
192.8	1554.94		AB (4)	AB (4)	AB (4)	AB (4)	AB (4)
192.9	1554.13		AB (4)	AB (4)	AB (4)	AB (4)	AB (4)
193	1553.32						
193.1	1552.52						
193.2	1551.72						
193.3	1550.91			AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)
193.4	1550.11			AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)
193.5	1549.31			AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)
193.6	1548.51			AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)
193.7	1547.71						
193.8	1546.91			AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)
193.9	1546.12			AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)	AC (4)
194	1545.32			AC (1)	AC (1)	AC (1)	AC (1)
194.1	1544.52						
194.2	1543.73						
194.3	1542.93						
194.4	1542.14						
194.5	1541.35						
194.6	1540.55						
194.7	1539.76						
194.8	1538.97						
194.9	1538.18						
195	1537.39						
195.1	1536.61						
195.2	1535.82						
195.3	1535.03						
195.4	1534.25						
195.5	1533.46						
195.6	1532.68						
195.7	1531.89						
195.8	1531.11						
195.9	1530.33		BE	BE	BE		

Dispersion Analysis

Service fiber

	end	node A		node B		node C							
Dispersion		DCF-A	AB	DCF-B	BC	DCF-C	CD	DCF-D	DE	DCF-E	EF	DCF-F	FA
ps/nm		0	61.56	0	615.60	-800	410.40	-450	820.80	-900	205.20	0	307.80
start node:	A	x		61.56		-122.84		-162.44		-241.64		-36.44	
	B	209.80		x		-184.40		-224.00		-303.20		-98.00	
	C	394.20		455.76		x		-39.60		-118.80		86.40	
	D	433.80		495.36		310.96		x		-79.20		126.00	
	E	513.00		574.56		390.16		350.56		x		205.20	
	F	307.80		369.36		184.96		145.36		66.16		x	

- Spreadsheet calculates dispersion per fiber span, including DCFs
- Next adds up dispersion for each link.
- Allows us to tailor the location and amount of dispersion.

Dispersion Analysis

Service fiber, eye-closure:

	node A		node B		node C							
	DCF-A	AB	DCF-B	BC	DCF-C	CD	DCF-D	DE	DCF-E	EF	DCF-F	FA
A			0.049		0.098							
B					0.148		0.179					
C							0.032		0.095		0.069	
D									0.063		0.101	
E			0.06464								0.164	
F			0.04155									
							MAX		0.18			

- Eye closure is calculated based on 10 Gb/s external modulator, or 2.5 Gb/s (for links BE, BF)
- Varying the DCFs' locations and amount changes the eye closures.

Dispersion Analysis

Protection fiber, eye-closure:

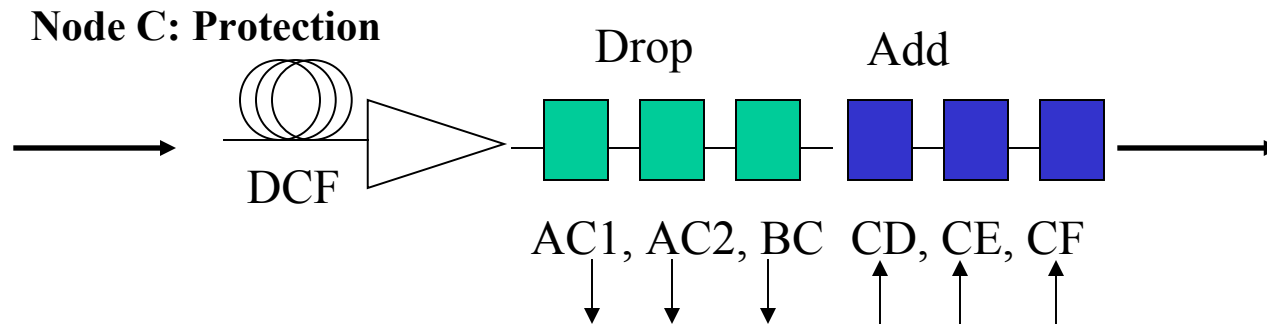
	<i>node A</i>		<i>node B</i>		<i>node C</i>							
	<i>DCF-A</i>	<i>AB</i>	<i>DCF-B</i>	<i>BC</i>	<i>DCF-C</i>	<i>CD</i>	<i>DCF-D</i>	<i>DE</i>	<i>DCF-E</i>	<i>EF</i>	<i>DCF-F</i>	<i>FA</i>
<i>A</i>												
<i>B</i>	0.291								0.019		0.005	
<i>C</i>	0.257		0.092									
<i>D</i>			0.125		0.159							
<i>E</i>					0.114		0.103					
<i>F</i>					0.057		0.275		0.229			
							MAX		0.291			

- Designed such that eye closure is < 0.3
- Gives 1 dB power penalty.

Power Budget- Service CW

	signal/ band	node A EDFA-A	link AB	node B EDFA-B	link BC	node C EDFA-C	link CD	node D EDFA-D	link DE	node E EDFA-E	link EF	node F EDFA-F	link FA
Loss (dB) per link		0	0.60	0	6.00	0	2.00	0	8.00	0	2.00	0	3.00
number of adds		3		2		3		2		2		1	
number of drops		0		3		3		2		2		3	
signal	AB	-1.0	-1.6	-4.6									
	AC1	0.0	-0.6	-5.6	-11.6	-12.6							
	AC2	1.0	0.4	-4.6	-10.6	-12.6							
	BC			0.0	-6.0	-9.0							
add	BD			1.0	-5.0	-11.0	-13.0	-14.0					
drop	CD					-1.0	-3.0	-5.0					
thru	CE					0.0	-2.0	-6.0	-14.0	-15.0			
	CF					1.0	-1.0	-5.0	-13.0	-17.0	-19.0	-20.0	
	DE							0.0	-8.0	-10.0			
	DF							1.0	-7.0	-11.0	-13.0	-15.0	
	EF									0.0	-2.0	-5.0	
	EB	-11.0	-11.6	-12.6						1.0	-1.0	-5.0	-8.0
	FB	-5.0	-5.6	-7.6								1.0	-2.0
									MAX	1.0			
									MIN	-20.0			

Device arrangement



Power Budget- Protection CW (Protects Service CCW)

		node A	link	node B	link	node C	link	node D	link	node E	link	node F	link
		EDFA-A	AB	EDFA-B	BC	EDFA-C	CD	EDFA-D	DE	EDFA-E	EF	EDFA-F	FA
Loss (dB) per link		0	0.60	0	6.00	25	2.00	0	8.00	25	2.00	0	3.00
loss due to adds		3		2		3		2		2		1	
loss due to drops + DCF		0		3		3		2		2		3	
signal	AB	-1.0		-5.6	-4.6	1.4	-17.6	-15.6	-11.6	-3.6	-10.0	-8.0	-4.0
	AC1	0.0				6.4	-17.6	-15.6	-11.6	-3.6	-9.0	-7.0	-3.0
	AC2	1.0				5.4	-17.6	-15.6	-11.6	-3.6	-8.0	-6.0	-2.0
	BC	-3.6	-0.6	0.0		6.4	-17.6	-15.6	-11.6	-3.6	-12.6	-10.6	-6.6
add	BD	-2.6	0.4	1.0				-13.6	-11.6	-3.6	-11.6	-9.6	-5.6
drop	CD	-15.6	-12.6	-12.0	-7.0	-1.0		-12.6	-11.6	-3.6	-24.6	-22.6	-18.6
thru	CE	-14.6	-11.6	-11.0	-6.0	0.0				-1.6	-23.6	-21.6	-17.6
	CF	-13.6	-10.6	-10.0	-5.0	1.0						-19.6	-16.6
	DE	-13.2	-10.2	-9.6	-4.6	1.4	-2.0	0.0		-0.6	-22.2	-20.2	-16.2
	DF	-13.2	-10.2	-9.6	-4.6	1.4	-1.0	1.0				-18.2	-16.2
	EF	-13.2	-10.2	-9.6	-4.6	1.4	-14.0	-12.0	-8.0	0.0		-17.2	-16.2
	EB			-7.6	-4.6	1.4	-13.0	-11.0	-7.0	1.0			
	FB			-6.6	-4.6	1.4	-17.6	-15.6	-11.6	-3.6	-1.0	1.0	
								MAX	6.4				
								MIN	-24.6				

10 Gb/s Cost for Service

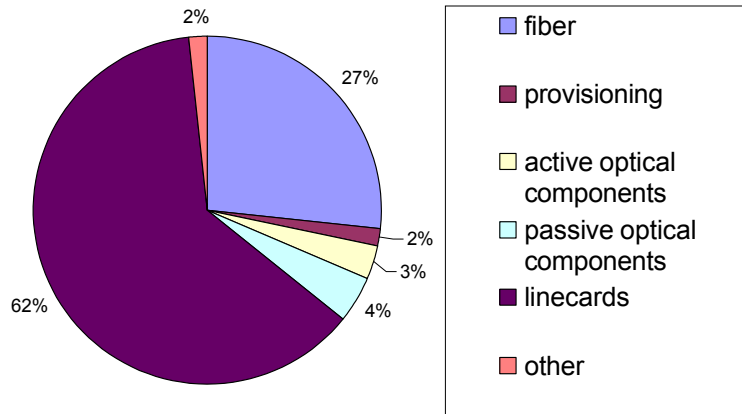
		<i>parts for NORMAL service</i>									
		<i>nodes:</i>									
<i>Parts</i>		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>totals</i>			
Amplifiers								0	150.0	\$0	
<i>C-Drop-100</i>		3	5	6	6	4	4	4	26	1.0	\$26,000
<i>C-4-mux-100</i>		3	5	6	6	4	4	4	26	4.0	\$104,000
<i>AWG-32</i>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16.0	\$0
<i>Line-T-192</i>		8	7	12	12	7	7	7	48	75.0	\$3,600,000
<i>Elec-Mux-048-4</i>		8	7	12	12	7	7	7	48	30.0	\$1,440,000
<i>CW10</i>		9	10	19	19	10	11	11	70	0.6	\$42,000
<i>EXM-048</i>		1	3	7	7	3	4	4	22	1.2	\$26,400
<i>EXM-192</i>		8	7	12	12	7	7	7	48	3.0	\$144,000
<i>PIN-192</i>		8	7	11	11	7	7	6	46	1.3	\$57,500
<i>APD-192</i>				1	1			1	2	2.5	\$5,000
<i>PIN-048</i>		1	3	7	7	3	4	4	22	0.5	\$11,000
<i>Line-T-048</i>		1	3	7	7	3	4	4	22	30.0	\$660,000
<i>bays</i>		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	25.0	\$150,000
<i>DCF module (ps/nm)</i>	<i>\$100k/80 km compensation</i>								4300	0.1	\$268,750
<i>distances</i>		3	30	20	20	40	10	15			
		<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>			
		<i>AB</i>	<i>BC</i>	<i>CD</i>	<i>DE</i>	<i>EF</i>	<i>FA</i>				
<i>provisioning fiber</i>		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	5	\$30,000
<i>prov. Additional</i>		8	9	18	18	7	8	6	56	2.0	\$112,000
<i>fiber</i>		\$61,800	\$618,000	\$412,000	\$412,000	\$824,000	\$206,000	\$309,000			\$2,430,800
									Total service		\$9,107,450

10 Gb/s Cost for Protection

		<i>parts for PROTECTION service</i>								
		<i>nodes:</i>								
<i>Parts</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>totals</i>			
<i>Amplifiers</i>				2		2	4	150.0		\$600,000
<i>C-Drop-100</i>	3		5	6	4	4	26	1.0		\$26,000
<i>C-4-mux-100</i>	3		5	6	4	4	26	4.0		\$104,000
<i>AWG-32</i>	0		0	0	0	0	0	16.0		\$0
<i>Line-T-192</i>	8		7	12	7	7	48	75.0		\$3,600,000
<i>Elec-Mux-048-4</i>	8		7	12	7	7	48	30.0		\$1,440,000
<i>CW10</i>	9		10	19	10	11	70	0.6		\$42,000
<i>EXM-048</i>	1		3	7	3	4	22	1.2		\$26,400
<i>EXM-192</i>	8		7	12	7	7	48	3.0		\$144,000
<i>PIN-192</i>	8		7	11	7	7	40	1.3		\$50,000
<i>APD-192</i>				1			7	8	2.5	\$20,000
<i>PIN-048</i>	1		3	7	3	4	22	0.5		\$11,000
<i>Line-T-048</i>	1		3	7	3	4	22	30.0		\$660,000
<i>bays</i>	1		1	1	1	1	6	25.0		\$150,000
<i>DCF module (ps/nm) \$100k/80 km compensation</i>							10400	0.1		\$650,000
<i>distances</i>	3	30	20	40	10	15				
	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>	<i>link</i>				
	<i>AB</i>	<i>BC</i>	<i>CD</i>	<i>DE</i>	<i>EF</i>	<i>FA</i>				
<i>provisioning fiber</i>	2	2	2	2	2	2	12	5.0		\$60,000
<i>prov. Additional</i>	7	8	17	6	7	5	50	2.0		\$100,000
<i>fiber</i>	\$3,600	\$36,000	\$24,000	\$48,000	\$12,000	\$18,000				\$141,600
							Total protection			\$7,825,000
							TOTAL			\$16,932,450

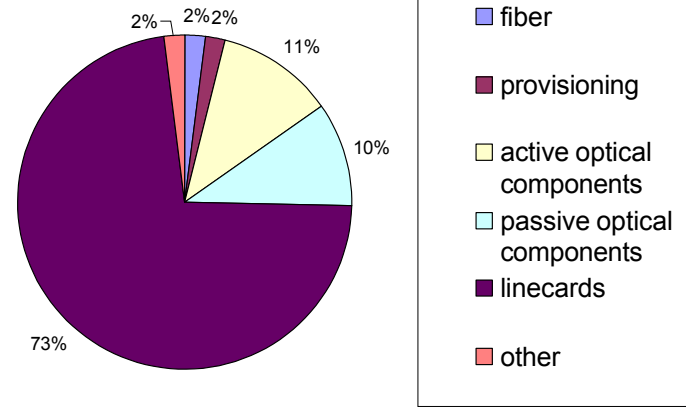
Cost per category

Service cost per category



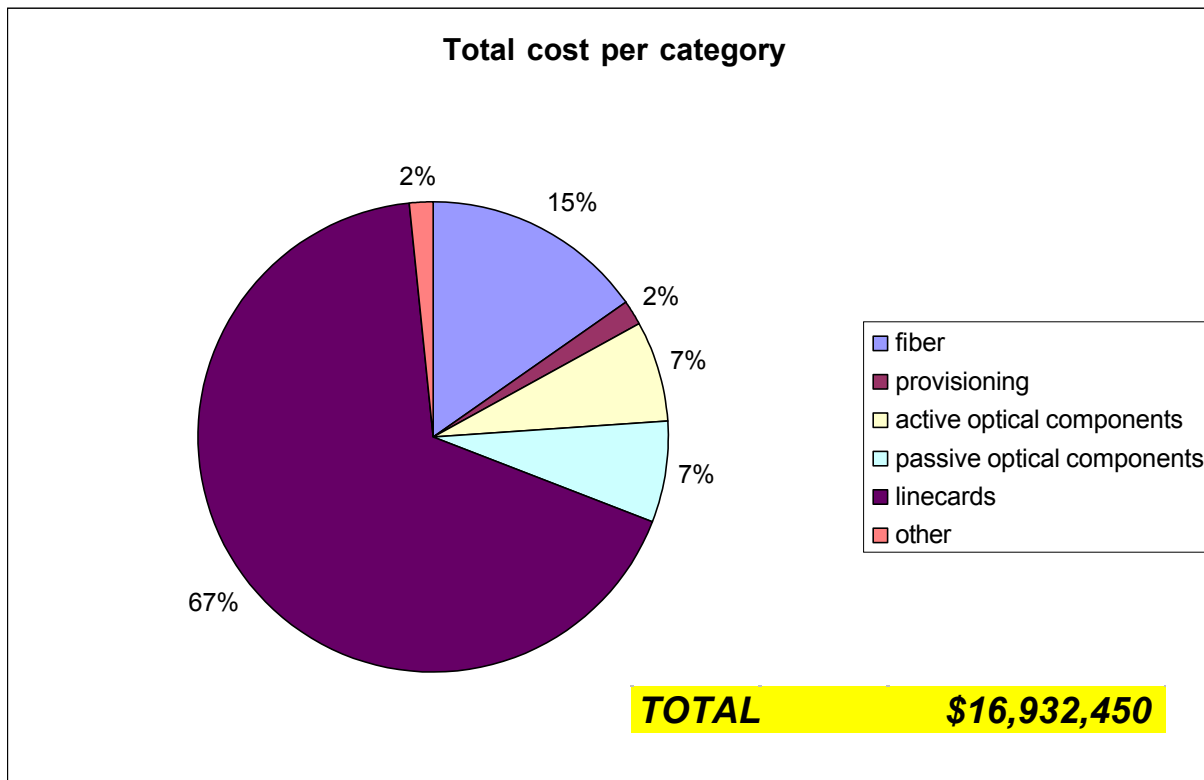
Total service **\$9,107,450**

Protection cost per category



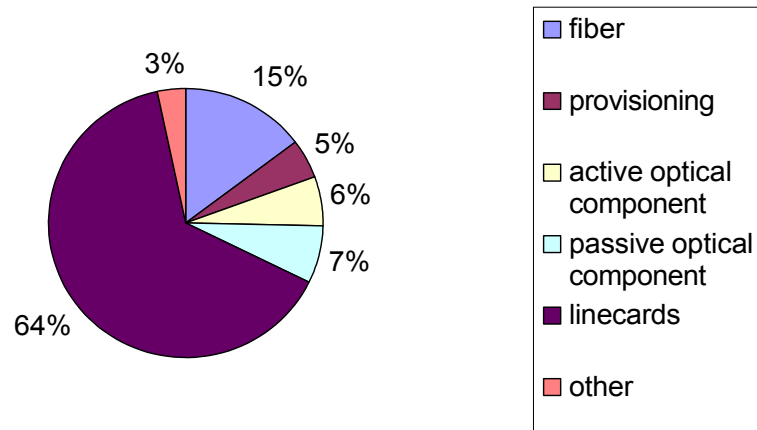
Total protection **\$7,825,000**

Total Cost per category



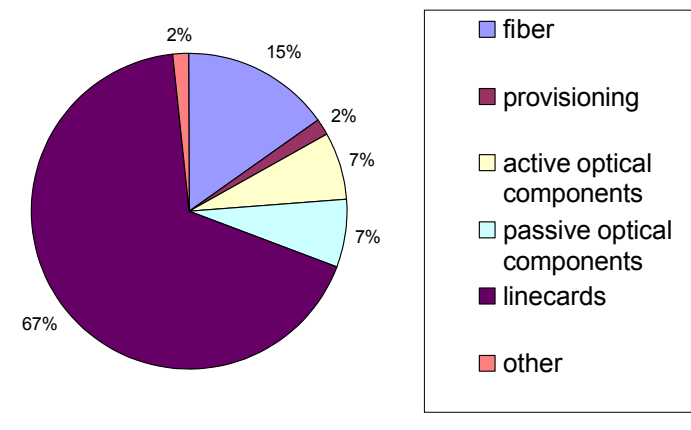
Cost comparison

Total Cost per Category OC-48



TOTAL \$18,800,000

Total cost per category OC-192



TOTAL \$16,932,450



Conclusion

- STS-48 solution costs more on provisioning while less on active optical component.
- There are more spare capacity in STS-192 solution than that of STS-48.
- STS-48 solution is not so scalable.
- STS-192 is easier to manage for both service and protection.